



CheKine™ Starch Branching Enzyme (SBE) Activity Colorimetric Assay Kit

Cat #: KTB1390

Size: 48 T/96 T

	Starch Branching Enzyme (SBE) Activity Colorimetric Assay Kit		
REF	Cat #: KTB1390	LOT	Lot #: Refer to product label
	Applicable samples: Plant Tissues, Bacteria		
	Storage: Stored at 4°C for 12 months		

Assay Principle

Starch Branching Enzyme (SBE) (EC 2.4.1.18) mainly exists in plants. It is a key enzyme involved in the synthesis of amylopectin and catalyzes the transformation of amylose into amylopectin. The determination of starch branching enzyme (SBE) activity is of great significance in the study of starch biosynthesis, selection of high-quality crop varieties and quality genetic improvement. CheKine™ Starch Branching Enzyme (SBE) Activity Colorimetric Assay Kit provides a convenient tool for detection of SBE Activity. The principle is that the combination of amylose and iodine has a maximum absorption peak detected at 660 nm. SBE reduces the content of amylose, thereby reducing the absorption value at 660 nm, which can reflect the activity of SBE. The enzyme activity of SBE was calculated by detecting the percentage decrease in absorbance within a certain period of time.

Materials Supplied and Storage Conditions

Kit components	Size		Storage conditions
	48 T	96 T	
Extraction Buffer	50 mL	100 mL	4°C
Assay Buffer	10 mL	20 mL	4°C
Substrate	1	1	4°C
Chromogen	1 mL	2 mL	4°C, protected from light

Materials Required but Not Supplied

- Microplate Reader capable of measuring absorbance at 660 nm
- Incubator, Ice Maker, Refrigerated Centrifuge
- 96 well plate with clear flat bottom, Precision Pipettes, Disposable Pipette Tips
- Deionized Water
- Dounce homogenizer(for Tissue Samples)

Reagent Preparation

Extraction Buffer: Ready to use as supplied. Equilibrate to room temperature before use. Store at 4°C.

Assay Buffer: Ready to use as supplied. Equilibrate to room temperature before use. Store at 4°C.

Substrate: Add 6 mL Deionized Water for 96 T or 3 mL Deionized Water for 48 T before use, then shake upside down several times and heat to dissolve. This solution can be stored at 4°C. If there is precipitation, it can be heated at 70°C to dissolve.

Chromogen: Ready to use as supplied. Equilibrate to room temperature before use. Store at 4°C, protected from light.

Sample Preparation

Note: Fresh samples are recommended. If not assayed immediately, samples can be stored at -80°C for one month.

1. Plant Tissues: Weigh 0.1 g tissue, add 1 mL Extraction Buffer and homogenize on ice. Centrifuge at 15,000 g for 15 min at 4°C. Use supernatant for assay, and place it on ice to be tested.

2. Bacteria: Collect 5×10^6 Bacteria into the centrifuge tube, wash bacteria with cold PBS, discard the supernatant after centrifugation; add 1 mL Extraction Buffer to ultrasonically disrupt the bacteria 5 min (power 20% or 200 W, ultrasonic 3 s, interval 7 s, repeat 30 times). Centrifuge at 15,000 g for 15 min at 4°C. Use supernatant for assay, and place it on ice to be tested.

Note: If the protein concentration of the sample is need to determined, it is recommended to use Abbkine Cat #: KTD3002 Protein Quantification Kit (Bradford Assay) to measure the protein concentration of the sample.

Assay Procedure

1. Preheat the microplate reader for more than 30 min, and adjust the wavelength to 660 nm. Preheat the incubator to 37°C.

2. Add the following reagents respectively into each EP tube :

	control tube (μL)	Test tube (μL)
Samples that are inactivated after boiling for 1 min	65	0
Sample	0	65
Assay Buffer	85	85
Substrate	25	25
Mix well, incubate at 37°C for 20 min, put it in a boiling water bath for 5 min to terminate the reaction (cover tightly to prevent water loss), and cool down		
Deionized Water	115	115
Chromogen	10	10

3. Mix well and let stand at room temperature for 5 min, take out 200 μL to a 96-well plate. Then reading the values at 660 nm, recorded as A_{Control} , A_{Test} , respectively.

Note: A control tube is required for each test tube. The different samples can be added to different control tubes, and boiled for 1 min. If there is precipitation in Substrate, be sure to dissolve it in a boiling water bath before use.

Data Analysis

Note: We provide you with calculation formulae, including the derivation process and final formula. The two are exactly equal. It is suggested that the concise calculation formula in bold is final formula.

1. Calculated by fresh weight of samples

Unit Definition: Expressed by the percentage decrease in absorbance at a wavelength of 660nm. 0.5% iodine blue value decreased per min in 1 g tissue reaction system is defined as a unit of enzyme activity.

$$\text{SBE (U/g)} = (A_{\text{Control}} - A_{\text{Test}}) \div A_{\text{Control}} \times V_{\text{Reaction Total}} \times 100\% \div 0.5\% \div (W \div V_{\text{Extraction}} \times V_{\text{Sample}}) \div T = \mathbf{46.15 \times (A_{\text{Control}} - A_{\text{Test}}) \div A_{\text{Control}} \div W}$$

2. Calculated by protein concentration

Unit Definition: Expressed by the percentage decrease in absorbance at a wavelength of 660 nm. 0.5% iodine blue value

decreased per min in 1 mg tissue protein reaction system is defined as a unit of enzyme activity.

$$\text{SBE(U/mg prot)} = (\text{A}_{\text{Control}} - \text{A}_{\text{Test}}) \div \text{A}_{\text{Control}} \times \text{V}_{\text{Reaction Total}} \times 100\% \div 0.5\% \div (\text{Cpr} \times \text{V}_{\text{Sample}}) \div \text{T} = 46.15 \times (\text{A}_{\text{Control}} - \text{A}_{\text{Test}}) \div \text{A}_{\text{Control}} \div \text{Cpr}$$

3. Calculated by Bacteria number

Unit Definition: Expressed by the percentage decrease in absorbance at a wavelength of 660 nm. 0.5% iodine blue value decreased per min in 10^4 Bacteria reaction system is defined as a unit of enzyme activity.

$$\text{SBE(U/10}^4\text{)} = (\text{A}_{\text{Control}} - \text{A}_{\text{Test}}) \div \text{A}_{\text{Control}} \times \text{V}_{\text{Reaction Total}} \times 100\% \div 0.5\% \div (\text{Total number of Bacteria} \div \text{V}_{\text{Extraction}} \times \text{V}_{\text{Sample}}) \div \text{T} = 46.15 \times (\text{A}_{\text{Control}} - \text{A}_{\text{Test}}) \div \text{A}_{\text{Control}} \div 500$$

Where: $\text{V}_{\text{Reaction Total}}$: total reaction volume, 0.3 mL; W: sample weight, g; $\text{V}_{\text{Extraction}}$: Extraction Buffer volume added, 1 mL; V_{sample} : sample volume added, 0.065 mL; T: reaction time, 20 min; Cpr: sample protein concentration, mg/mL; 500: Total number of cells, 5×10^6 .

Typical Data

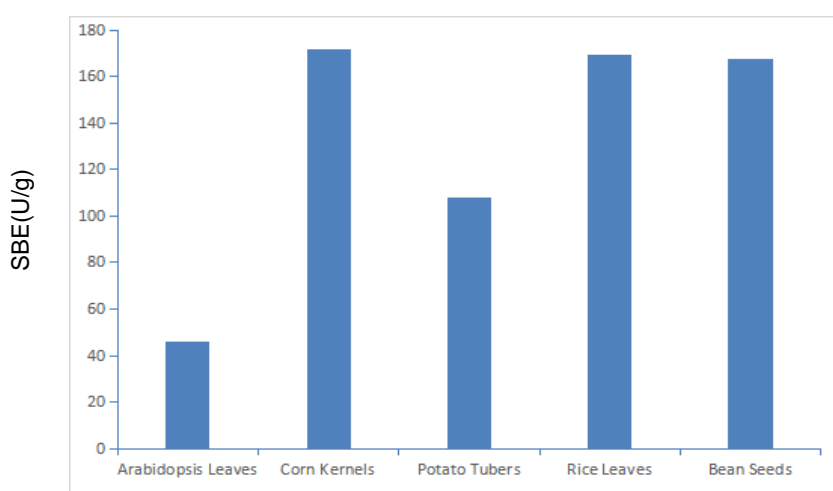


Figure. SBE Activity in Arabidopsis Leaves, Corn Kernels, Potato Tubers, Rice Leaves, Bean Seeds respectively. Assays were performed following kit protocol.

Recommended Products

Catalog No.	Product Name
KTb1370	CheKine™ α-Amylase Activity Colorimetric Assay Kit
KTb1380	CheKine™ β-Amylase Activity Colorimetric Assay Kit

Disclaimer

The reagent is only used in the field of scientific research, not suitable for clinical diagnosis or other purposes.